

# THE SALT LAKE HERALD

Published Every Day in the Year  
BY THE HERALD COMPANY

Terms of Subscription.  
DAILY AND SUNDAY—One month, \$5.  
SUNDAY—One year, \$10.00.  
SEMI-WEEKLY—(In advance), one year, \$1.50; six months, 75 cents.

Subscribers wishing address of paper changed must give former as well as present address.  
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## Total Copies of The Herald Printed in March, 1909.

1	8,937,117	8,705
2	8,915,115	8,705
3	8,925,115	8,705
4	8,904,120	8,773
5	8,925,121	18,418
6	8,905,122	8,706
7	8,915,122	8,748
8	8,905,124	8,729
9	8,905,125	8,711
10	8,905,125	8,648
11	8,905,127	8,668
12	8,905,128	18,283
13	8,905,129	8,653
14	8,905,130	8,667
15	8,911,131	8,650
16	8,911,131	
Total daily	237,586	
Average	8,905	
Total Sunday	73,432	
Average	13,404	

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\* Largest Daily and Sunday circulation in Salt Lake proved by investigation.  
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## NEITHER WILL SUIT.

Much literature is being sent out regarding the creation of a tariff commission as proposed by the convention of manufacturers recently held at Indianapolis, or a tariff board which is said to be favored by Aldrich, et al. The gentlemen who met at the Indiana capital may very properly be regarded as parties in interest so far as fixing tariff schedules are concerned. As American citizens they are entitled to consideration, but not in excess of that accorded every other American citizen. Senator Aldrich is a Republican politician who represents certain great financial interests in the United States senate and is entitled to no consideration at the hands of the people who feel the bills.

The idea of the men who gathered at Indianapolis is that a commission, to be composed of men with expert knowledge, should be organized and permanently retained to collect data for the use of congress in framing tariff bills, the data, of course, to be furnished by the protected manufacturers themselves. The Aldrich plan involves the appointment of a board made up of representatives of existing government bureaus, presumably those who believe in the "principle" of protection and who would not hesitate to stretch the so-called "principle" to the fullest extent if the proper pressure were applied.

It is not necessary for this paper to make a choice between a commission and a board. Neither will fill the bill and both are open to grave objections. Under the constitution of the United States, which fortunately has survived the preceding administration, the duty of formulating revenue bills devolves upon the lower house of congress. A tariff bill is a revenue measure pure and simple and as such must originate with the representatives. So far as furnishing data to aid in the work is concerned, that is done now and the figures given are often misleading and in some cases entirely false, and there is no reason to suppose that the interested parties would hew any closer to the line when presenting their case to a commission than they do at present, when the ways and means committee listens to their several tales of woe.

Mr. Van Cleave, president of the National Association of Manufacturers, and Colonel Albert Clarke, secretary of the Boston Home Market club, are enthusiastic supporters of the commission plan, but that fact will not attract support when it is called to mind that these two men have been instrumental in boosting the rates in times past. Both of them believe in putting on all the tariff will stand, to borrow a railroad expression in a similar case. What is really needed in the premises is the election of members of congress, both senators and representatives, who will carefully consider the needs and desires of the consumers who, after all is said and done, are the real producers, and not devote their entire time to figuring out schemes by which chunks of money can be handed to those already richly endowed with this world's goods and at the same time deplete the people into the belief that they are being benefitted. Until such men are elected there is no possibility of an honest revision of the tariff.

Regarding the extra session of congress and its work, no one is fool enough to suppose that the outcome will be satisfactory. Henry R. Towne, a Republican, president of the Merchants' Association of New York, voices the general opinion when he says: "It is evident already that the new tariff bill, whatever its final form, will not satisfy popular demand. This implies the danger of continued tariff agitation, and the demand for another tariff bill next year."

But popular demand will be satisfied some day. The waving of the bloody shirt finally ceased to be effective and there is good reason to believe that the limit has been reached in promising tariff reform in Republican platforms and on the stump.

## A. T. STEWART'S TOWN.

A modern Utopia is Garden City, situated within a stone's throw of Greater New York. It isn't a chartered town and its population all told numbers a little more than one thousand. While there are many unique communities in the United States, Garden City occupies a place peculiarly its own. It was founded by A. T. Stewart, the poor Irish immigrant who became a merchant prince and accumulated a vast fortune by the employment of legitimate means. Stewart intended to provide homes for his thousands of employees. His idea was to have houses at various rentals, all moderate, for every class of worker in his great store, from the heads of departments down to the lowest paid clerks. He employed the best architects to be had at the time and laid out the town, each building being allowed liberal yard space. Trees were planted and the locality otherwise made unusually attractive.

With the death of Stewart and the passing of the business into the hands of Judge Hilton, personal interest was lost in the place and instead of remaining a community of department store employees it soon began to find favor with the wealthy and fashionable people who sought homes on Long Island. But the government of the place has not changed. As a part of the Stewart estate Garden City is operated through the medium of a manager. He attends to everything and is responsible if anything goes wrong. At rare intervals a house or lot is sold, but with a few exceptions all the buildings in the town belong to the Stewart estate, the residents being simple lessees.

There are many attractions to be found in this little Long Island community. One of the finest hotels in the country, named after the founder himself, is owned by the estate and under its supervision, and there is every attraction for out-door entertainment, including tennis, golf, etc. All the machinery of government is in the hands of the manager and the charges for sprinkling the streets, gathering the garbage, etc., are moderate when compared with the amount required for such work in full-fledged municipalities, with mayor, city council and a host of other officials of high and low degree. Of course large cities could not be personally conducted or run like the manager does things in Garden City, but the commission plan would work out in many places. Garden City isn't held up as a model, but merely as an example of the way municipal affairs could be conducted without red tape and enormous expenditures.

FRESH AIR THE THING.

The season for field sports has arrived and thousands of people are attracted into the open air by their offices. Unquestionably fresh air is better than medicine and now that the baseball season has begun there will be less doctors' bills to pay. So besides being the national game and being clean, honest sport, baseball is serving in the capacity of guardian of the public health.

Fresh air is advocated by the medical profession and each year finds a largely increased number of people stepping out of doors. Indeed there are out-door schools for pupils who show symptoms of tuberculosis and so far the experiment has proven a decided success. Exercise and plenty of good air will go far toward making life what it should be, and if by any strange combination of circumstances a ball game is scheduled for one's immediate vicinity no harm will be done if one more place in the bleachers or grandstand is occupied.

The protected interests are now giving congress the rush act on the plea that prosperity is being delayed by careful consideration of the schedules. The same fellows told us prosperity would arrive the morning after election if Taft was victorious and they lied about it.

Pope Plus is opposed to women in politics. St. Paul also had ideas concerning the gentler sex. Inspiration was lacking in both expressions of opinion, however, and the suffragists will doubtless continue to fight on.

The zinc producers not only pay for more protection, but they sent a strong lobby to Washington to make the necessary arrangements. The Lord is said to help those who help themselves.

The late Senator Stewart was said to have the largest and most varied stock of damnable adjectives in his vocabulary of any man in the United States. He knew how to use them, too.

Gov. John Johnson of Minnesota is being boomed and groomed for the Democratic presidential nomination three years hence. Many a man is killed in premature explosions.

Maybray, the fake race promoter, denies that he is Jack McCann, supposed to have been murdered. He resents the base insinuation that he is a "dead one."

Broughton Brandenberg was not the only man who did dirty work to defeat Bryan last year, but that is no argument why he should not be punished.

Forty-seven Republicans voted for the Standard Oil company in the lower house of congress. Howell of Utah was among the number.

If we are nearing the end of this dispensation perhaps we'll get a square deal on election days in the next.

Ex-Senator Hopkins of Illinois seems unable to take the hint that he's not wanted and the deadlock continues.

## SOMETHING TO EXPLAIN.

(Harvard Lampoon.)  
"Gentlemen," shouted the drummer in the hotel lobby, "there are more men pushing the products of my factory than any other house in the world."  
"And what are you selling?" ventured the timid listener.  
"Automobiles, sir, automobiles."

# CATHOLIC SISTERHOODS

BY FREDERIC J. HASKIN.

There are fifty-six thousand devoted Catholic women in the United States engaged in that beautiful work which finds expression in the labors of sisterhoods as the Sisters of Charity, Sisters of Mercy and Little Sisters of the Poor. They have over six hundred colleges and academies for women, seven hundred institutions of charity and three thousand parochial schools, and they have orphanages, hospitals, asylums, and aged people to care for, seventy thousand girls in their colleges and academies, and eight hundred thousand children in their parochial schools.

Some idea of the immense value of the property owned by the 118 orders of sisterhood in America may be gleaned from the fact that the property of the Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul alone has been estimated to be worth over \$90,000,000. They have thirty-seven hospitals, twenty-eight orphan asylums, fourteen infirm asylums and some twenty other large institutions, besides thirty-three parochial schools. This order is sometimes known as the White Carmelite Sisters, because of the large and immaculate white head coverings they wear. They are not a branch of a world-wide order, and contribute to the support of the mother-house in France.

Notwithstanding the large number of women engaged in the work, there are thousands of others who are waiting to enter it. Indeed, it is said that one of the difficulties that confront the church is to keep the number of postulants in the sisterhoods from falling below the number sought to prevent any mushroom growth of any of the orders, and to keep out that class of women who are attracted to the ornamental rather than valuable to the work. Especially has there been a tendency toward expansion since the French government has taken steps that are hostile to the work and existence of the sisterhoods. Many of the French orders are sending workers to America.

From mother superior down to the humblest novitiate, the salaries of the sisters of all the orders are the same—board, clothes, necessary spending money, attendance in sickness and burial in death. Those who nurse take care of the children and cook, taking no fee therefor, not even accepting their own food. It is their motto that to nurse and to teach is their claim on their charity. The Bon Secours are an order of sisters who nurse in the homes of the sick, and accept pay therefor, which goes to the order and not to the individual sister.

The Ursuline Nuns, the Gray Nuns of Canada and the Sisters of St. Dominic are among the other leading orders of sisterhood. It was to the latter order that the first sisterhood was founded in America, the first church institution for the higher education of women at Washington, the first church institution for the education of women at New York, the first church institution for the education of women at New York, the first church institution for the education of women at New York. The Ursuline Nuns, the Gray Nuns of Canada and the Sisters of St. Dominic are among the other leading orders of sisterhood. It was to the latter order that the first sisterhood was founded in America, the first church institution for the higher education of women at Washington, the first church institution for the education of women at New York, the first church institution for the education of women at New York. The Ursuline Nuns, the Gray Nuns of Canada and the Sisters of St. Dominic are among the other leading orders of sisterhood. It was to the latter order that the first sisterhood was founded in America, the first church institution for the higher education of women at Washington, the first church institution for the education of women at New York, the first church institution for the education of women at New York.

The women of the Catholic church are far ahead of the men in work along these lines. It is said there are five times as many women in American territory who have devoted their lives to the work of the church as there are men. There are certainly five times as many orders of sisterhood. Even the negro and the Indian are not overlooked by the women. The sisters of the Order of Christian Charity, after the dark races with a particular care, and there are many beautiful Indian girls who have joined the order and are devoting their lives to its work. It is said that they make excellent sisters, fully alive to everything that goes to the uplifting of their race. The Oblate Sisters, founded in Baltimore many years ago, was the first order to make the welfare of the negro its special interest.

The Episcopal church has found it advantageous to follow the example of the Catholic church. The effort to establish orders of sisterhood has been successful, and some success has attended similar efforts in America. The Deaconess Home of the Lutheran church is another example of the sisterhood principle applied by Protestants.

(Copyright, 1909, by Frederic J. Haskin.)  
Tomorrow—A City Beautiful.

## SOCIETY

Mr. and Mrs. Windsor V. Rice and their children, Isabel and Gordon, expect to leave within a few weeks for the east. They expect to go by automobile through all the eastern states, and will go west over the Canadian Pacific to visit the Seattle exposition before coming home in the autumn.

Mrs. H. L. Henderson of Lansing, Mich., and her son, Robert Buck, who have been guests of Judge and Mrs. Henry P. Henderson for a short time, left last evening for their home. They were on their way home from California, where they have spent the winter.

Mrs. Joseph Wells entertained last evening at a delightful affair for the graduating nurses of the L. D. S. hospital and their friends at her home. The nurses will be entertained tonight at a theatre party at the Colonial, given by the undergraduates.

Mr. and Mrs. Wellington E. Lake have issued invitations for a dancing party to be given tonight at their home to about 100 or more of their friends.

The marriage of Miss Belva Woodmansee and Merrill Nibley will take place this morning at 10 o'clock in the temple, and a wedding breakfast will be given at the home of the bride's parents in Ogden later.

The Utopia club will hold its regular fortnightly meeting tomorrow afternoon at the home of Mrs. A. E. Kimball on Brigham street.

Mrs. C. M. Bell will entertain on Thursday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Thomas Marionaux.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Houston, 23 Bransford apartments, have for their guests Mrs. Houston's mother, Mrs. L. B. McMurtry of Fort Worth, Tex., who will remain in the city some time.

Mrs. Alberta Dersham has issued invitations for a piano recital to be given by some of her pupils on Tuesday evening, May 4, at the First Congregational Church.

Mrs. O. J. Salisbury returned on Saturday from a stay of several weeks in Los Angeles.

The Quintette club will meet this afternoon with Mrs. Maurice S. Jones at 371 East Fifth South street.

Mr. and Mrs. John Weir are expected home today from the coast, where Mrs. Weir has spent some time.

There will be a special meeting this morning at 2:30 of the flower committee.

## KEITH O'BRIEN

Three Days' Sale in Wash Goods Department

Scotch Zephyrs and Egyptian Tissues—35c Values for 19c a Yard

A beautiful assortment of checks, stripes, plaids and solid colors in Scotch zephyrs. This season's styles, and the remainder of our stock of Egyptian tissues. The beautiful sheer fabric for summer dresses, nearly all styles represented. Some of them only in dress lengths. Your choice for 3 days, 19c yard.

## 2500 Yards White Goods

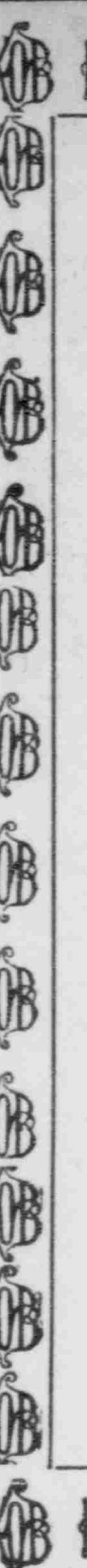
Nearly all in waist and dress lengths. Excellent values, some of them worth as high as 35c and 40c yard. Your choice of the lot, consisting of dotted and embroidered swisses, checked and striped nainsooks, dimities, batistes, etc. Special, yard, 12c.

## \$1.25 24-Inch Wide All-Silk.

\$1.00 a Yard.

Classy Shantung and Semi-Rough Silks for Street Dresses

Just received by express, 16 pieces of the newest and most desirable Shantung silk for street costumes. In natural color ground, with navy, brown, tan and peacock dots. Fancy stripes in green and porcelain. Also monotone stripes in the newest shades of old rose, Boise de Rose, cedar, gold tan, navy, Copenhagen, olive and resida green. These silks were made to sell at \$1.25 yard. We offer them at \$1 yard.



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# 1/3 off=Suit Sale=1/3 off

## The Charlton Shop

OUTFITTERS TO WOMEN

Great One-Third Off Reductions on Custom Tailored and Novelty Cloth Suits

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This offering is comprehensive. It includes every one and three-piece cloth suits, except silk and white serge, in our stock. It is brimful with artistic expressions of the latest ideas for women's wear at prices that bring your wonderful advantages.

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\$20.00 Suits.....now \$13.35 \$45.00 Suits.....now \$30.00  
\$25.00 Suits.....now \$16.67 \$47.50 Suits.....now \$31.67  
\$30.00 Suits.....now \$20.00 \$50.00 Suits.....now \$33.35  
\$35.00 Suits.....now \$23.35 \$55.00 Suits.....now \$36.67  
\$40.00 Suits.....now \$26.67 \$60.00 Suits.....now \$40.00

The higher-priced foreign adaptations with magnificent trimmings and hand embroideries that enrich and make the suits luxurious are reduced proportionately.

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# H. S. DAYNES MUSIC CO.

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY  
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USED INSTRUMENTS AT REDUCED PRICES.

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CHASE BROS. AGENTS.

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We carry it in \$1.00 bottles. A tissue builder and blood cleanser—composed of vegetable juices and extracts and guaranteed to contain no mercury.

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Godbe-Pitts Drug Co. 101 SOUTH MAIN See the Florist, J. F. Walk.

"That Good Coal"

Clear Creek—a choice coal needing no fame or praise. But, having plenty of both, standing on its own merits with any housekeeper. That's what.

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D. R. T. Felix Gouard's Oriental Cream or Magical Beautifier.

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